

Summary of Consolidated Financial Statements for the third quarter of Fiscal Year 2016 ended September 30, 2016 (IFRS basis)
(All financial information has been prepared based on the original Japanese-language document, Summary of Consolidated Financial Statements for the third quarter announced on November 7, 2016)

Listed company name: DMG MORI CO., LTD.
 Stock exchange listing: First Section of Tokyo Stock Exchange
 Code Number: 6141 URL <http://www.dmgmori.co.jp>
 Company Representative: Masahiko Mori, President
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Filing date of quarterly financial statements: November 11, 2016

Estimated starting date of dividend paying: -

Preparation of supplementary explanatory materials: Yes

Holding of quarterly earnings release conference: Yes (for investment analysts and institutional investors)

(Note: All amounts less than one million are disregarded)

1. Consolidated business results of the third quarter ended September 30, 2016 (January 1, 2016 to September 30, 2016)

(1) Consolidated business results

(% of change from same period in the previous year)

| | Sales revenues | | Operating result | | Earnings before Taxes | | Quarterly profit | | Income attributable to owners of the parent company | | Total comprehensive income | |
|--|----------------|---|------------------|---|-----------------------|---|------------------|---|---|---|----------------------------|---|
| | million yen | % | million yen | % | million yen | % | million yen | % | million yen | % | million yen | % |
| Third quarter ended September 30, 2016 | 267,768 | - | 2,595 | - | 786 | - | 90 | - | Δ1,879 | - | Δ28,386 | - |
| Third quarter ended September 30, 2015 | 252,576 | - | 39,508 | - | 39,200 | - | 37,009 | - | 36,094 | - | 29,417 | - |

| | Basic earnings per share | Diluted earnings per share |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Yen | Yen |
| Third quarter ended September 30, 2016 | Δ16.01 | Δ16.01 |
| Third quarter ended September 30, 2015 | 283.86 | 283.86 |

(Note) The company changed the fiscal year-end from March 31 to December 31. Following this change, the comparable period of the third quarter ended September 30, 2016 is the third quarter ended September 30, 2015.

The Company consolidated DMG MORI AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT (hereinafter "AG") from April, 2015, a part of consolidated business results of the third quarter ended September 30, 2015 (January 1, 2015 through March 31, 2015) does not include business results of AG. Thus, there is no "% of change from same period in the previous year" written in this report. The result of the comparable period includes appraisal gains on AG shares (gains on step acquisition) of 37,296 million yen following the consolidation with AG. For details, please refer to the "1. Qualitative Information Regarding Quarterly Settlement of Accounts (1) Explanation of consolidated operating results" on page 2.

(2) Consolidated financial position

| | Total assets | Net assets | Equity attributable to owners of the parent company | Ratio of equity attributable to owners of the parent company | Equity attributable to owners of the parent company per share |
|--------------------|--------------|-------------|---|--|---|
| | million yen | million yen | million yen | % | yen |
| September 30, 2016 | 510,679 | 101,785 | 99,926 | 19.6 | 832.59 |
| December 31, 2015 | 598,034 | 232,107 | 155,270 | 26.0 | 1,293.72 |

(Note) Decrease of ratio of equity attributable to owners of the parent company is due to the effect of accounting of additional acquisition of AG shares and deemed acquisition due to enforcement of the Domination Agreement based on IFRS which deducts difference amount between purchase price of AG shares and equity amounts attributable to the company from capital provision (Decrease of approximately 14.9%), and accounting of hybrid capital through raising funds by a perpetual subordinated loan and perpetual subordinated bonds (Increase of approximately 9.7%). For details, please refer to the "3.Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (7) Notes on quarterly consolidated financial statements 4.The Domination Agreement and 5.Hybrid capital" on page 16.

2. Dividends

| Fiscal year ended | Dividends per share | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------|-----|----------|--------|
| | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | Year-end | Annual |
| | yen | yen | yen | yen | yen |
| December 31, 2015 | 13.00 | - | - | 13.00 | 26.00 |
| December 31, 2016 | - | 13.00 | - | - | - |
| December 31, 2016 (Forecast) | - | - | - | 13.00 | 26.00 |

(Note) Revision of dividend forecast in the current quarter: No

3. Consolidated earnings forecast for Fiscal Year 2016 (January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016)

| | (% of change from same period in the previous year) | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|---|------------------|---|---|---|--------------------------|
| | Sales revenues | | Operating result | | Income attributable to owners of the parent company | | Basic earnings per share |
| | million yen | % | million yen | % | million yen | % | yen |
| Full Year 2016 | 370,000 | - | 2,000 | - | Δ8,000 | - | Δ66.66 |

(Note)

Revision of consolidated earnings forecast in the current quarter: Yes

Since the fiscal year ending December 31, 2015 was comprised of 9 months, from April 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015, there is no " % of change from same period in the previous year" written in this report.

For the earnings forecast for the fiscal year 2016, the loss is estimated to be approximately 13,000 million yen mainly for the following reasons: impact of the strong yen; liquidation of the negative legacies (withdraw from the energy business including photovoltaic generation in Europe, and elimination and consolidation of production bases including Chiba, Switzerland, France and Shanghai for optimal production); realignment of manpower due to organizational restructuring; and liquidation of subsidiaries. (Tax effect of the loss is not considered.) Therefore, the sales revenues, the operating result and the income attributable to owners of the parent company in the forecast for 2016 shown above have been changed accordingly. For details, please refer to the "1.Qualitative Information Regarding Quarterly Settlement of Accounts (3) Explanation of forecasts and other projections" on page 4.

4. Others

(1) Changes in significant subsidiaries during the third quarter ended September 31, 2016: No

(2) Changes in accounting policies applied and changes in accounting estimates

1. Changes in accounting policies required by IFRS: Yes

2. Changes in accounting policies other than the above: No

3. Changes in accounting estimates: No

(Note) For detail, please refer to the "2. Other information" on page 5

(3) Number of shares outstanding (Common stock)

1. Number of shares outstanding at the end of the period (including treasury stock)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| September 30, 2016: 132,943,683 | December 31, 2015: 132,943,683 |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|

2. Number of treasury stock at the end of the period

| | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| September 30, 2016: 12,924,596 | December 31, 2015: 12,924,543 |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|

3. Average number of outstanding shares during the period (cumulative from the beginning of the period)

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| January - September 2016: 120,019,128 | January - September 2015: 127,155,308 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|

- Information regarding implementation of quarterly review procedures

These quarterly financial results are not subject to quarterly review procedures based on the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act. Thus, at the time of disclosure of these financial results, the quarterly financial statement review procedures based on the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law has not been completed.

- Explanations for adequate utilization of the forecast and other special matters

From the first quarter of the fiscal year 2015 ending December 31, 2015, the company introduced the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) to prepare its consolidated financial statements accordingly.

- Proper use of the earnings forecasts and other notes

The above forecast is based on information available as of the release of this report and assumptions of several uncertain factors which may affect the company's results. Actual results might be different from the above estimates due to subsequent changes in the circumstances. Regarding Fiscal Year 2016(Forecast), please see "1.Qualitative Information Regarding Quarterly Settlement of Accounts (3) Explanation of forecasts and other projections".

We will upload additional explanation on November 7, 2016.

| | |
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1. Quantitative Information Regarding Quarterly Settlement of Accounts

(1) Explanation of consolidated operating results

During the third quarter of the fiscal year 2016 (from July 1 to September 30, 2016), the sales revenues were 267,768 million yen (2,209,672 thousand EUR), and the operating result was 2,595 million yen (21,422 thousand EUR), and earnings before taxes were 786 million yen (6,494 thousand EUR). The income attributable to owners of the parent company was Δ 1,879 million yen (Δ 15,509 thousand EUR).

(Euro is converted to yen at 121.2 yen, the average exchange rate between January 2016 and September 2016.)

The Domination and Profit and Loss Transfer Agreement between our consolidated company, DMG MORI GmbH, and DMG MORI AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT (hereinafter called AG) has become effective upon its registration in the commercial register of AG. As it enables us to fully make the most of the integrated group-wide resources, we will further accelerate parts standardization, and integration of models and purchasing systems, in addition to re-structuring of the global production bases for optimal use of our production capacity.

As for the business strategies, we are proactively working on implementation of IoT (Internet of things). In September 2016, we reached an agreement on technological cooperation for security of machine tool control systems and implementation of "Smart Factory" with Microsoft Japan. While "Smart Factory" using IoT technologies is increasingly drawing an attention in the industrial fields, some factories and infrastructure such as power plants have been cyber-attacked, and security of control systems has become one of the most urgent issues today. In such a background, the company and Microsoft Japan, with a solid record of providing security services on a global scale, work in collaboration to tackle various issues including security measures for control systems. We also facilitate Open Innovation using IoT technologies. For example, we will join in the development of the FANUC IoT platform, "FIELD system," as one of the total integration partners.

In September, we reached a partnership agreement with TOYOTA team in the TOYOTA GAZOO Racing of the FIA World Rally Championship (WRC). The engine mounted on the rally car is manufactured at Toyota Motorsport GmbH where many of our products are being employed. A great number of the car parts are actually machined on the DMG MORI machines. We continue our strong commitment to providing the best for the automotive industry as a system integrator of the manufacturing field, contributing to "production of better cars" through the WRC.

As for the product, we released the CMX V series models, solution-based machines for every shop floor. The series offers a total of 290 options of every DMG MORI vertical machining center. The flexible customization enables customers to build optimal machines of their own according to their needs. As the series is also compatible with nine types of DMG MORI Technology Cycles offered as an option, it can contribute to boosting customers' productivity with high versatility to handle wide ranges of workpieces in various fields.

As for the sales, we participated in some international exhibition shows: "IMTS 2016" in Chicago, the U.S. and "AMB 2016" in Stuttgart, Germany in September and "BIMU 2016" in Milan, Italy in October. In the events, we showcased the world premiere models, cutting-edge machines, IoT technologies for smart factories and smart machines, and automation system solution technologies combining machines with robots and pallet and workpiece transfer systems in an effort to meet the growing demand for automation, systemization and full turnkey production. The DMG MORI Technology Cycles were also put on display as a total solution for efficient production.

DMG MORI is determined to further enhance its product and service quality and provide high value-added solutions for customers. We also promote Open Innovation by collaborating with our partner companies in pursuit of co-existence and co-prosperity with them and strive to maximize our corporate value.

As for the demand for machine tools, the order result for January to September 2016 announced by Japan Machine Tool Builders' Association is 19% behind the compatible nine-month figure for 2015. The orders of DMG MORI for the same period lag its 2015 pace by 8.5% on a yen basis, but 1.8% higher on a euro basis.

In Japan, the domestic market made a temporary recovery due to the government subsidy, but the demand is on the decline and lower than the last year's total. We will make utmost efforts to gain orders, taking advantage of our expertise and superiority in providing solutions at the Tokyo Show (JIMTOF) scheduled in November.

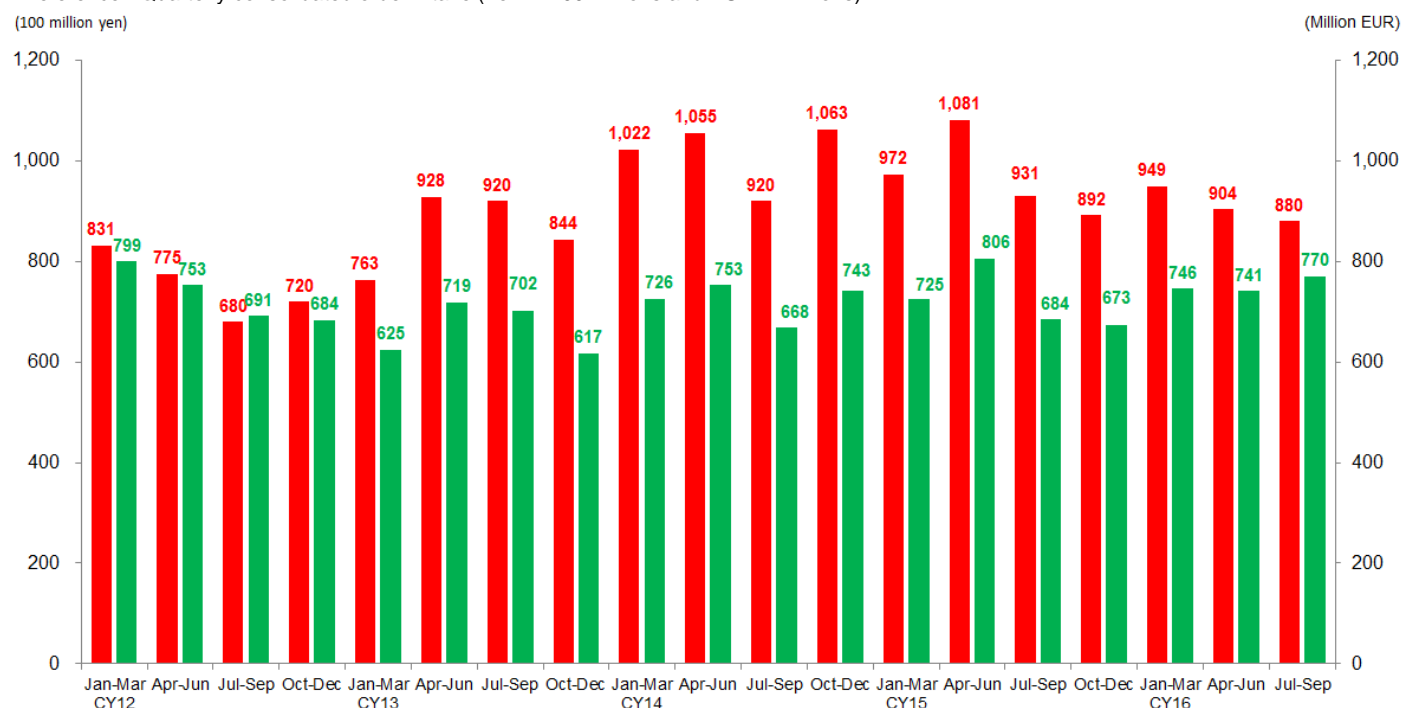
In North America, we are in a correction time phase. The shift to direct-to-customer sales and service model is getting on the right track, and the orders are higher on a yen basis compared to the last year result. At IMTS held in Chicago in September, we received favorable reviews for the world premiere CMX V Series models, the solution-based machines, as well as our approach to "IoT" aiming at improvement of customers' productivity.

In Europe, orders remain robust, and the result is higher than the last year's total on a yen basis. The exhibitions and private shows draw a great number of customers, so it is expected that the demand keeps moderately increasing.

In the markets in China and other Asian and Oceania countries, the demand continues to decline. Among those countries, on the other hand,

Taiwan, Vietnam and Australia are making a good showing. With the demand in other countries and regions bottomed out, we expect the market is on its way to recovery.

<Reference> Quarterly consolidated order intake (Yen in 100 millions and EUR in millions)



(Note) EUR amount is converted from Japanese Yen amount using market rate in each quarter.

<Consolidated results>

Consolidated results as of the end of third quarter is as follows:

<Reference>

Unit : Billion yen

(Million EUR)

| | January through September, 2015 | January through September, 2016 | Difference |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Sales revenues | 306.7 (2,275) | 267.7 (2,209) | Δ38.9 (Δ65) |
| Operating result | 48.7 (361) | 2.5 (21) | Δ46.0 (Δ339) |
| Operating result margin ratio | 15.9% | 1.0% | Δ14.9% pts. |
| Adjusted operating result (excluding special items) | 23.0 (170) | 3.3 (27) | Δ19.7 (Δ143) |
| Adjusted operating result margin ratio | 7.5% | 1.2% | Δ6.3% pts. |
| Income attributable to owners of the parent company | 38.5 (286) | Δ1.8 (Δ15) | Δ40.4 (Δ301) |

* For reference, the figures for January through September, 2015 are consolidated business result where 100% of AG's financial result is incorporated.

Euro amounts are converted to yen by average rate of fiscal period respectively: 134.8 yen for the figures for January through September, 2015, and 121.2 yen for the figures for January through September, 2016.

Special items include appraisal gains on AG shares (gains on step acquisition), loss on liquidation of the negative legacies and so on.

Please note that income attributable to owners of the parent company from AG's results is based on shareholding ratio (Jan.-Jun. 2015: 52.54%, Jul.-Sep. 2015: 58.93%, Jan.-Mar. 2016: 60.67%, Apr.-Sep. 2016: 76.03%)

(2) Explanation of consolidated financial position

Total assets at the end of the third quarter of fiscal year 2016 amounted to 510,679 million yen. Total equity is 101,785 million yen and ratio of equity attributable to owners of the parent company is 19.6%.

This time ratio of equity attributable to owners of the parent company is decreased from 26.0% at the end of fiscal year 2015. This is due to the effect of accounting of additional acquisition of AG shares and deemed acquisition due to enforcement of the Domination Agreement based on IFRS which deducts difference amount between purchase price of AG shares and equity amounts attributable to the company from capital provision (Decrease of approximately 14.9%), and accounting of hybrid capital through raising funds by a perpetual subordinated loan and perpetual subordinated bonds (Increase of approximately 9.7%)

(3) Explanation of forecasts and other projections

For the earnings forecast for the fiscal year 2016, the loss is estimated to be approximately 13,000 million yen mainly for the following reasons: impact of the strong yen; liquidation of the negative legacies (withdraw from the energy business including photovoltaic generation in Europe, and elimination and consolidation of production bases including Chiba, Switzerland, France and Shanghai for optimal production); realignment of manpower due to organizational restructuring; and liquidation of subsidiaries. (Tax effect of the loss is not considered.) Therefore, the sales revenues, the operating result and the income attributable to owners of the parent company in the forecast for 2016 shown above have been changed accordingly.

This forecast is based on information available as of the release of this report and assumptions of several uncertain factors which may affect the company's results. Actual results might be different from the above estimates due to subsequent changes in the circumstances.

Consolidated earnings forecast for Fiscal Year 2016 (January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016)

| | Unit : Billion yen (Million EUR) | | | <Reference> Jan. through Dec., 2015 |
|--|--|--|-----------------|---|
| | Announced on May 10 Jan. through Dec., 2016 | Announced on Nov. 7 Jan. through Dec., 2016 | Difference | |
| Sales revenues | 410.0 (3,264) | 370.0 (3,125) | Δ40.0 (Δ139) | 428.4 (3,189) |
| Operating result | 25.0 (199) | 2.0 (16) | Δ23.0 (Δ182) | 41.1 (306) |
| Operating result margin ratio | 6.1% | 0.5% | Δ5.6% pts. | 9.6% |
| Adjusted operating result (excluding special items) | 25.0 (199) | 15.0 (126) | Δ10.0 (Δ72) | 36.0 (268) |
| Adjusted operating result margin ratio | 6.1% | 4.1% | Δ2.0% pts. | 8.4% |
| Income attributable to owners of the parent company | 14.5 (115) | Δ8.0 (Δ67) | Δ22.5 (Δ183) | 32.4 (241) |

* For reference, the figures for January through December, 2015 are consolidated business result where 100% of AG's financial result is incorporated.

Euro amounts are converted to yen by 134.3 yen for the figures for January through December, 2015. For the forecast from January through December, 2016, 125.6 yen for the figures announced on May 10 and 118.4 yen for the figures announced on November 7 is used for conversion, respectively.

Special items include appraisal gains on AG shares (gains on step acquisition), loss on liquidation of the negative legacies and so on.

Please note that income attributable to owners of the parent company from AG's results is based on shareholding ratio.

(Jan.-Jun. 2015: 52.54%, Jul.-Sep. 2015: 58.93%, Oct. 2015 -Mar. 2016: 60.67%, Apr.-Sep. 2016: 76.03%)

2. Other information

(1) Change of important accounting policies

The significant accounting policies applied to the quarterly consolidated financial statements are identical to those applied to the consolidated financial statements for the previous fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, except for the accounting standard provided below.

The Group has applied the following standards from the first quarter ended March 31, 2016. The application of these standards had no material effect on the quarterly consolidated financial statements.

| IFRS | | Summary |
|---------|--------------------------------------|--|
| IAS 1 | Presentation of Financial Statements | Clarification of methods of presentation of financial statements and disclosures |
| IAS 16 | Property, Plant and Equipment | Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortization |
| IAS 38 | Intangible Assets | Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortization |
| IFRS 11 | Joint Arrangements | Defines the accounting treatment of acquisition of a joint venture |

In accordance with revision of IAS 1, from perspective of providing clearer disclosure on revenue of the Group, now "Gains on step acquisition" (37,296 million yen) is displayed separately in the consolidated statement of income of third quarter ended September 30, 2015 (January 1, 2015 through September 30, 2015).

3. Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Quarterly consolidated statements of financial position

(Yen in Millions)

| | December 31, 2015 | September 30, 2016 |
|------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (Assets) | | |
| Short-term assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalent | 83,577 | 32,783 |
| Trade and other receivable | 54,958 | 45,098 |
| Other financial assets | 5,489 | 6,625 |
| Inventories | 129,943 | 128,401 |
| Other short-term assets | 10,592 | 11,281 |
| Total short-term assets | 284,561 | 224,191 |
| Long-term assets | | |
| Tangible assets | 141,919 | 129,774 |
| Goodwill | 68,218 | 60,859 |
| Other intangible assets | 72,834 | 62,049 |
| Other financial assets | 17,560 | 15,422 |
| Equity accounted investments | 2,230 | 1,852 |
| Deferred taxes | 4,047 | 6,171 |
| Other long-term assets | 6,663 | 10,357 |
| Total long-term assets | 313,473 | 286,488 |
| Total assets | 598,034 | 510,679 |

December 31, 2015

September 30, 2016

(Liabilities)

Short-term debts

| | | |
|--|---------|---------|
| Trade and other payables | 66,648 | 44,106 |
| Bonds and borrowings | 100,692 | 42,746 |
| Payment received on accounts | 18,757 | 22,754 |
| Other short-term financial liabilities | 780 | 5,059 |
| Accrued income taxes | 5,733 | 3,709 |
| Short-term provisions | 25,752 | 21,885 |
| Other short-term liabilities | 5,385 | 4,199 |
| Total short-term debts | 223,750 | 144,460 |

Long-term debts

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Bonds and borrowings | 116,210 | 159,491 |
| Other long-term financial liabilities | 4,307 | 86,390 |
| Pension provisions | 6,224 | 6,877 |
| Other long-term provisions | 4,788 | 3,823 |
| Deferred income taxes | 8,664 | 5,996 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 1,980 | 1,854 |
| Total long-term debts | 142,175 | 264,434 |

Total liabilities

365,926 408,894

Equity

| | | |
|--|---------|---------|
| Subscribed capital | 51,115 | 51,115 |
| Capital provision | 53,057 | - |
| Hybrid capital | - | 49,505 |
| Treasury stock | Δ23,768 | Δ23,768 |
| Revenue provisions | 71,466 | 39,900 |
| Other components of equity | 3,399 | Δ16,827 |
| Total equity attributable to owners of the parent company | 155,270 | 99,926 |
| Non-controlling interests' share of equity | 76,837 | 1,859 |
| Total equity | 232,107 | 101,785 |

Total liabilities and equity

598,034 510,679

(2) Quarterly consolidated statements of income

(Yen in Millions)

| | Third quarter ended September 30, 2015 (January 1, 2015 through September 30, 2015) | Third quarter ended September 30, 2016 (January 1, 2016 through September 30, 2016) |
|---|--|--|
| Revenue | | |
| Sales revenues | 252,576 | 267,768 |
| Gains on step acquisition | 37,296 | - |
| Other operating revenues | 3,118 | 4,361 |
| Operating performance | 292,991 | 272,129 |
| Cost | | |
| Changes in finished goods and work in progress | (*) Δ 1,854 | Δ 4,653 |
| Cost of raw materials, consumables and goods for resale | (*) 115,418 | 121,104 |
| Personnel costs | (*) 70,500 | 85,897 |
| Depreciation and amortization | (*) 11,222 | 12,356 |
| Other operating expenses | (*) 58,195 | 54,828 |
| Total cost | 253,482 | 269,533 |
| Operating result | 39,508 | 2,595 |
| Financial income | 357 | 313 |
| Financial expense | 1,443 | 2,205 |
| Share of profits of at equity-accounted investments | 777 | 83 |
| Earnings before taxes | 39,200 | 786 |
| Income taxes | 2,191 | 696 |
| Quarterly profit | 37,009 | 90 |
| Quarterly profit attributable to: | | |
| Owners of the parent company | 36,094 | Δ 1,879 |
| Non-controlling interests | 915 | 1,969 |
| Quarterly profit | 37,009 | 90 |
| Quarterly profit per share | | |
| Basic earnings or loss (Δ) per share (yen) | 283.86 | Δ 16.01 |
| Diluted earnings or loss (Δ) per share (yen) | 283.86 | Δ 16.01 |

(*) Since AG is consolidated from April 1st, 2015, a part of consolidated business results of the third quarter ended September 30, 2015 (January 1, 2015 through March 31, 2015) does not include business results of AG. If operating results of AG is fully incorporated in this accounting period, costs will be displayed as follows: Changes in finished goods and work in progress Δ 5,527 million yen, Cost of raw materials, consumables and goods for resale 142,076 million yen, Personnel costs 88,155 million yen, Depreciation and amortization 12,831 million yen, and Other operating expenses 70,049 million yen.

(3) Quarterly consolidated statements of comprehensive income

(Yen in Millions)

| | Third quarter ended September 30, 2015 (January 1, 2015 through September 30, 2015) | Third quarter ended September 30, 2016 (January 1, 2016 through September 30, 2016) |
|--|--|--|
| Quarterly profit | 37,009 | 90 |
| Other comprehensive income | | |
| Items never reclassified to profit or loss | | |
| New calculation of benefit-oriented pension plans | Δ442 | Δ1,030 |
| Sum of items never reclassified to profit or loss | Δ442 | Δ1,030 |
| Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss | | |
| Differences from currency translation | Δ663 | Δ25,657 |
| Changes in market value of hedging instruments | 308 | Δ150 |
| Change in the fair value measurement of available-for-sale assets | Δ409 | Δ1,424 |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method | Δ6,384 | Δ214 |
| Sum of items which are reclassified to profit or loss | Δ7,149 | Δ27,445 |
| Total other comprehensive income | Δ7,591 | Δ28,476 |
| Total comprehensive income | 29,417 | Δ28,386 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to: | | |
| Owners of the parent company | 26,635 | Δ22,852 |
| Non-controlling interests | 2,782 | Δ5,533 |
| Total | 29,417 | Δ28,386 |

(4) Quarterly consolidated statements of changes in equity

(Yen in Millions)

| | Equity attributable to owner of the parent company | | | | | | | Non-controlling interest share of equity | Total equity |
|--|--|-------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------------------|---------|--|--------------|
| | Subscribed capital | Capital provision | Hybrid Capital | Treasury Stock | Revenue provisions | Other components of equity | Total | | |
| As of January 1, 2015 | 51,115 | 64,185 | — | Δ3,610 | 41,940 | 10,578 | 164,210 | 4,330 | 168,540 |
| Quarterly profit | | | | | 36,094 | | 36,094 | 915 | 37,009 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | Δ9,458 | Δ9,458 | 1,867 | Δ7,591 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | 36,094 | Δ9,458 | 26,635 | 2,782 | 29,417 |
| Issue of hybrid capital | | | | | | | — | | — |
| Issue cost of hybrid capital | | | | | | | — | | — |
| Dividend payment | | | | | Δ3,121 | | Δ3,121 | Δ2,796 | Δ5,917 |
| Share-based payment transactions | | | | | | | — | | — |
| Change in equity in affiliates accounted for by equity method | | | | Δ2,419 | | | Δ2,419 | | Δ2,419 |
| Change due to business combination | | | | Δ5,925 | | 4,057 | Δ1,867 | 84,517 | 82,649 |
| Transfer other components of equity to revenue provisions | | | | | Δ253 | 253 | — | | — |
| Other | | | | Δ1 | Δ2 | 2 | Δ1 | 0 | Δ1 |
| Total of the contribution by owner and distribution to the owner | — | — | — | Δ8,346 | Δ3,376 | 4,313 | Δ7,410 | 81,721 | 74,311 |
| Purchase of non-controlling interests | | Δ14,202 | | Δ1,535 | | | Δ15,737 | Δ11,050 | Δ26,788 |
| Acquisition of non-controlling interests with recourse | | | | | | | — | | — |
| Amount of change of Ownership interest for Subsidiary company | — | Δ14,202 | — | Δ1,535 | — | — | Δ15,737 | Δ11,050 | Δ26,788 |
| As of September 30, 2015 | 51,115 | 49,983 | — | Δ13,492 | 74,658 | 5,432 | 167,697 | 77,783 | 245,481 |

(Yen in Millions)

| | Equity attributable to owner of the parent company | | | | | | | Non-controlling interest share of equity | Total equity |
|---|--|-------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------------------|---------|--|--------------|
| | Subscribed capital | Capital provision | Hybrid Capital | Treasury stock | Revenue provisions | Other components of equity | Total | | |
| As of January 1, 2016 | 51,115 | 53,057 | — | △23,768 | 71,466 | 3,399 | 155,270 | 76,837 | 232,107 |
| Quarterly profit | | | | | △1,879 | | △1,879 | 1,969 | 90 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | △20,973 | △20,973 | △7,503 | △28,476 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | △1,879 | △20,973 | △22,852 | △5,533 | △28,386 |
| Issue of hybrid capital | | | 50,000 | | | | 50,000 | | 50,000 |
| Issue cost of hybrid capital | | | △494 | | | | △494 | | △494 |
| Dividend payment | | | | | △3,121 | | △3,121 | △1,402 | △4,523 |
| Share-based payment transaction | | | | | | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| Change in equity in affiliates accounted for by equity method | | | | | | | — | | — |
| Change due to business combination | | | | | | | — | 65 | 65 |
| Transfer other components of equity to revenue provisions | | | | | △745 | 745 | — | | — |
| Other | | △0 | | △0 | | | △0 | | △0 |
| Total of the contribution by owner | — | △0 | 49,505 | △0 | △3,866 | 746 | 46,385 | △1,336 | 45,048 |
| Distribution to the owner | | | | | | | | | |
| Purchase of non-controlling interests | | △32,552 | | | | | △32,552 | △28,990 | △61,543 |
| Acquisition of non-controlling interests with recourse | | △20,505 | | | △25,819 | | △46,325 | △39,116 | △85,441 |
| Amount of change of Ownership interest for Subsidiary company | — | △53,057 | — | — | △25,819 | — | △78,877 | △68,107 | △146,984 |
| As of September 30, 2016 | 51,115 | — | 49,505 | △23,768 | 39,900 | △16,827 | 99,926 | 1,859 | 101,785 |

(5) Quarterly consolidated statements of cash flows

(Yen in Millions)

| | Third quarter ended September 30, 2015 (January 1, 2015 through September 30, 2015) | Third quarter ended September 30, 2016 (January 1, 2016 through September 30, 2016) |
|---|--|--|
| Cash flow from operating activities | | |
| Earnings before taxes | 39,200 | 786 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 11,222 | 12,356 |
| Gain on step acquisition | Δ37,296 | — |
| Loss (gain) on sales/disposal of fixed assets (Δ: gain) | Δ57 | Δ35 |
| Financial results (Δ: gain) | 1,085 | 1,892 |
| Equity in loss (gain) of equity method (Δ: gain) | Δ777 | Δ83 |
| Other expense (income) not affecting payments (Δ: income) | Δ2,171 | 50 |
| Changes in Inventories (Δ: increase) | Δ6,339 | Δ6,596 |
| Changes in trade and other receivables (Δ: increase) | Δ2,408 | 2,918 |
| Changes in trade and other payables (Δ: decrease) | 1,268 | Δ18,453 |
| Change in provisions (Δ: decrease) | 1,771 | 430 |
| Others | Δ800 | Δ3,616 |
| Sub total | 4,699 | Δ10,351 |
| Interest received | 160 | 121 |
| Dividends received | 356 | 192 |
| Interest paid | Δ1,394 | Δ1,819 |
| Income tax paid | Δ7,565 | Δ4,650 |
| Cash flow from operating activities | Δ3,743 | Δ16,507 |
| Cash flow from investment activities | | |
| Amount paid out for investments in tangible assets | Δ14,040 | Δ7,114 |
| Amount received from the sale of tangible assets | 1,102 | 818 |
| Amount paid out for investments in intangible assets | Δ2,818 | Δ2,482 |
| Amount paid out for investments in subsidiary stocks | Δ5,091 | Δ1,045 |
| Amount paid out for purchase of affiliates stocks | Δ50,634 | - |
| Amount received from the sale of securities | 144 | 500 |
| Other | Δ35 | Δ180 |
| Cash flow from investment activities | Δ71,373 | Δ9,506 |

(Yen in Millions)

| | Third quarter ended September 30, 2015 (January 1, 2015 through September 30, 2015) | Third quarter ended September 30, 2016 (January 1, 2016 through September 30, 2016) |
|---|--|--|
| Cash flow from financing activities | | |
| Net increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable (△: decrease) | 39,105 | △57,542 |
| Amount received from long-term loans | 93,578 | 59,870 |
| Payments for long-term loans | △1,326 | △16,607 |
| Amount received from issue of bonds | - | 29,872 |
| Payments for redemption of bonds | - | △15,000 |
| Amount received from issue of hybrid capital | - | 49,505 |
| Dividends paid | △3,060 | △2,946 |
| Dividends paid for non-controlling shareholders | △2,796 | △1,402 |
| Payments for acquisition of minority shares | △22,451 | △61,422 |
| Other | △741 | △716 |
| Cash flow from financing activities | 102,308 | △16,389 |
| Differences from currency translation associated with cash and cash equivalents | △77 | △8,390 |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (△: decrease) | 27,113 | △50,793 |
| Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents | 8,563 | 83,577 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 35,677 | 32,783 |

(6) Notes on going concern assumption

Not applicable.

(7) Notes on quarterly consolidated financial statements

1. Reporting Entity

DMG MORI Co., Ltd. (the "Company") is a company established under Japanese law. The Company domiciles in Japan and its registered office is located in 106 Kitakoriyama-cho, Yamato-Koriyama City, Nara.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company are reported as of September 30, 2016 and composed of the Company, its associates and equity interests to related companies (the "Group"). The Group engages in businesses related to providing total solutions utilizing of machine tools (Machining Centers, Turning Centers, Turn-Mill Complete Machining Centers, Universal Milling machines for 5-axis machining) , software (user interface, technology cycles (embedded software) etc.), measuring devices with service support, application and engineering.

2. Basis of preparations

(1) Accounting standards complied with

These quarterly consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, pursuant to the provisions set forth in Article 93 of the Ordinance on Terminology, Forms, and Preparation Methods of Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements, etc. (Cabinet Office Ordinance No. 64 of 2007), as they satisfy all of the requirements for a "Specified Company" prescribed in Article 1-2, Paragraph 1, Item (i), (a) – (c) and (d)-3 of the Ordinance on Terminology, Forms, and Preparation Methods of Consolidated Financial Statements (Cabinet Office Ordinance No. 64 of 2007).

(2) Basis of Measurement

These quarterly consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, with the exception of some financial assets which are measured at fair value.

(3) Presentation currency and units used

These quarterly consolidated financial statements are presented in Japanese yen, with figures less than one million yen being rounded down.

(4) Change in fiscal year end

In last fiscal year, the consolidated fiscal year end changed from March 31 to December 31. Please note that the comparable period of current third quarter (from January 1, 2016 to September 30, 2016) is disclosed as from January 1, 2015 to September 30, 2015, based on IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

3. Segmental information

(1) Scope of segment reporting

The reporting segments of the Group is based on the business areas where independent financial statements are available and that are regularly reviewed by executive boards for the purposes of decision-making on the allocation of management resources and evaluation of profitability. The segments are divided according to products and services that the Group deals with and difference in internal reporting and management method associated with the products and services.

The business activities of the Group are categorized into the business segments of "Machine Tools" and "Industrial Services".

(2) Calculation method of net sales, income or loss and other items by each reportable segment

The amount of segment income (loss) is based on operating income (loss) and Share of profits of at equity-accounted investments. Inter-segment sales and transfers between the segments are the prices determined based on the market prices.

(3) Segment sales and income

The segment sales and income by each reportable segment are summarized as follows.

Third quarter ended September 30, 2015 (January 1, 2015 through September 30, 2015)

| (Yen in Millions) | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------|-------------------|------------|--|
| | Reporting Segments | | | Adjustment (Note) | | Figures in consolidated statements of income |
| | Machine Tools | Industrial Services | Total | Corporate | Adjustment | |
| Sales revenues | | | | | | |
| Sales revenues with third parties | 186,584 | 65,977 | 252,561 | 14 | - | 252,576 |
| Sales revenues with other segments | 89,958 | 17,962 | 107,921 | 1,422 | Δ109,344 | - |
| Total | 276,543 | 83,939 | 360,483 | 1,437 | Δ109,344 | 252,576 |
| Segment income | 25,151 | 19,643 | 44,795 | Δ9,010 | 4,501 | 40,286 |
| Financial income | | | | | | 357 |
| Financial expense | | | | | | Δ1,433 |
| Earnings before taxes | | | | | | 39,200 |

(Note) "Adjustment" includes trade elimination of inter-segment trade amounts and net profit of corporate functions.

Third quarter ended September 30, 2016 (January 1, 2016 to September 30, 2016)

| (Yen in Millions) | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------|-------------------|------------|--|
| | Reporting Segments | | | Adjustment (Note) | | Figures in consolidated statements of income |
| | Machine Tools | Industrial Services | Total | Corporate | Adjustment | |
| Sales revenues | | | | | | |
| Sales revenues with third parties | 187,535 | 80,212 | 267,748 | 19 | - | 267,768 |
| Sales revenues with other segments | 87,672 | 18,136 | 105,808 | 1,983 | Δ107,792 | - |
| Total | 275,207 | 98,349 | 373,556 | 2,003 | Δ107,792 | 267,768 |
| Segment income | 6,551 | 4,381 | 10,933 | Δ8,414 | 160 | 2,679 |
| Financial income | | | | | | 313 |
| Financial expense | | | | | | Δ2,205 |
| Earnings before taxes | | | | | | 786 |

(Note) "Adjustment" includes trade elimination of inter-segment trade amounts and net profit of corporate functions.

4. The Domination Agreement

(1) Entry into force of the Domination Agreement

On August 24, 2016, the Domination Agreement between DMG MORI GmbH, one of our consolidated subsidiary, and AG came into effect. Due to this effect, in case any purchase claim of AG's stocks is made from shareholders of AG except for DMG MORI GmbH (hereinafter "minority shareholders"), DMG MORI GmbH shall accept of this claim. And also, DMG MORI GmbH shall offer recurring compensation to minority shareholders every full fiscal year.

(2) Summary of accounting

Due to effect of the Domination Agreement, the Company recognizes discount cash flow of estimated payout amount in the future as other financial liabilities.

As a result, the Company recognizes following fluctuations on liabilities, minority interests, capital provision and revenue provisions.

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--------------------|
| Increase of liabilities | : | 85,441 million yen |
| Decrease of minority interests | : | 39,116 million yen |
| Decrease of capital provision | : | 20,505 million yen |
| Decrease of revenue provisions | : | 25,819 million yen |

5. Hybrid capital

The Company raised funds by 40 billion yen of a perpetual subordinated loan (hereinafter "the subordinated loan") and 10 billion yen of a perpetual subordinated bonds (hereinafter "the subordinated bonds") in August, 2016.

The subordinated loan and the subordinated bonds are classified as an equity instrument under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as no specific date is specified for repayment of the principal and optional deferral of interest payments is possible. The amount financed from the subordinated loan and the subordinated bonds after deducting issue costs are recorded as "Hybrid capital" under "Equity" in the quarterly consolidated financial statements.

1. Overview of Subordinated Loan

- (1). Amount 40 billion yen
- (2). Lender Mizuho Bank, Ltd., Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation
- (3). Execution date September 20, 2016
- (4). Repayment date No repayment date specified.

 Provided, however, that on each interest payment date from September 20, 2021 onward, optional repayment of all or part of the principal is possible.
- (5). Interest rate From September 20, 2016 to September 20, 2026: Variable interest based on 6-month Japanese yen TIBOR

 From September 21, 2026 onward: Variable interest stepped up by 1.00%.
- (6). Clauses relating to payment of interest

 Optional deferral of interest payment is possible.
- (7). Subordinated
 loan clause Creditors of the subordinated loan have right to claim payment that is subordinate to all senior creditors in case of subordinate events subject to loan contract (liquidation, etc.)

2. Overview of Subordinated Bonds

- (1). Amount 10 billion yen
- (2) Execution date September 2, 2016
- (3). Repayment date No repayment date specified.
Provided, however, that on each interest payment date from September 2, 2021 onward, optional repayment of all principal is possible.
- (4) Interest rate From September 2, 2016 to September 2, 2021: Fixed interest
From September 3, 2021 onward: Variable interest based on 6-month Japanese yen LIBOR
- (5) Clauses relating to payment of interest
Optional deferral of interest payment is possible.
- (6) Subordinated clause Creditors of the subordinated loan have right to claim payment that is subordinate to all senior creditors in case of subordinate events subject to loan contract (liquidation, etc.)
- (7) Replacement restrictions When making optional repayment of the subordinated bonds, it is assumed that the subordinated bonds are being replaced with an equity instrument that has received an equity credit evaluation from the ratings agency that is the same as or higher than that of the subordinated bonds.
Provided, however, that if, after five years elapse, both of the following items are satisfied, it is possible to cancel the replacement of the bonds with an instrument that has received equivalent equity credit evaluation.
(a) The consolidated shareholders' equity after the adjustment is a higher amount than 151.2 billion yen.
(b) The consolidated equity capital ratio after the adjustment is higher than 26.8%.

The values stated above shall be calculated according to the following method.
(a) Consolidated shareholders' equity after the adjustment = Total equity attributable to owners of parent - Other components of equity - Hybrid capital
(b) Consolidated equity capital ratio after the adjustment = Consolidated shareholders' equity after the adjustment as calculated above ÷ Total assets

6. Significant subsequent event

Not applicable.